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October 20, 2000

Mr. David Waddell Executive Secretary Tennessee Regulatory Authority 360 James Robertson Parkway Nashville, TN 37201

Re:

Tariff Filings by all Telephone Companies Regarding Reclassification of

Pay Telephone Service as Required by FCC Order 96-439

Docket No. 97-00409

Dear Mr. Waddell:

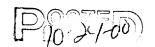
Please accept for filing the original and thirteen copies of the Supplemental Rebuttal Testimony of Don Wood filed on behalf of the Tennessee Payphone Owners Association in the above-captioned proceeding. Copies have been provided to parties of record.

Very truly yours,

BOULT, CUMMINGS, CONNERS & BERRY, PLC

Henry Walk

HW/nl Enclosure



BEFORE THE TENNESSEE REGULATORY AUTHORITY NASHVILLE TENNESSEE

Re:	Tariff Filings by all Telephone)	
	Companies Regarding)	
	Reclassification of Pay Telephone)	Docket No. 97-00409
	Service as Required by FCC Order)	
	96-439)	

SUPPLEMENTAL REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

DON J. WOOD

ON BEHALF OF TENNESSEE PAYPHONE OWNERS ASSOCIATION

October 20, 2000

- October 20, 2000
- PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS. 1 Q.
- My name is Don J. Wood. My business address is 4625 Alexander Drive, Suite 125, 2 A.
- 3 Alpharetta, Georgia 30022.
- ARE YOU THE SAME DON J. WOOD WHO PRESENTED DIRECT AND 5 Q.
- REBUTTAL TESTIMONY ON BEHALF OF THE TPOA IN THIS PROCEEDING? 6
- 7 A. Yes.

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- WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR SUPPLEMENTAL REBUTTAL TESTIMONY? 9 Q.
- The purpose of my testimony is to describe and respond to the revised responses to 10 A.
- TPOA's Supplemental Data Requests provided by BellSouth Telecommunications, Inc. 11
- ("BellSouth") on October 13, 2000 (one week after my rebuttal testimony was due to be 12
- filed with the Authority). My testimony describes how the information provided by 13
- 14 BellSouth can be used to establish rates for payphone access services that comply with
- the FCC's stated requirement that such rates be cost-based, non-discriminatory, 15
- consistent with the objectives of section 276 of the Act, and in compliance with the 16
- 17 FCC's computer III tariffing guidelines.
- TO BE CLEAR, IS THE AUTHORITY REQUIRED TO APPLY THE FCC'S FOUR-19 Q.
- PART TEST IN THIS PROCEEDING? 20
- Yes. The FCC's four-part test sets forth the standard that state regulators must apply 21 A.

- when reviewing the rates for ILEC-provided payphones services. State regulators may,
- of course, use their judgment regarding the level of costs associated with the payphone
- service in question, so that a cost-based rate can be established.
- 5 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE WHAT BELLSOUTH HAS PROVIDED IN ITS
- 6 SUPPLEMENTAL FILING.

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¹ The FCC has stated repeatedly that the federal agency has jurisdiction over intrastate payphone rates pursuant to section 276 of the federal Telecom Act and that the agency has initially delegated that authority to state commissions. States are required to follow the FCC's guidelines in setting intrastate payphone rates and any state decision which departs from those guidelines is subject to FCC review. "States must apply these requirements . . . for tariffing such intrastate services." CC Docket 96-128, Order on Reconsideration, (rel. Nov. 8, 1996) paragraph 163. "The guidelines for state review of intrastate [payphone] tariffs are essentially the same as those included in the Payphone Order for federal tariffs The Orders on Reconsideration required that state tariffs for payphone services meet the requirements outlined above." CC Docket 96-128, Order DA 97-678 (Com. Car. Bur. rel. April 4, 1997,("Bureau Waiver Order") paragraph 32. "Any party who believes that a particular LEC's intrastate tariffs fail to meet these requirements has the option of filing a complaint with the [Federal Communications] Commission. Id., at footnote 93. "[T]he payphone services a LEC tariffs at the state level are subject to the new services test and the requisite cost support data must be submitted to the individual states." CC Docket 96-128, Order DA 97-805 (Com. Car. Bur. rel. April 15, 1997), paragraph 18. "[S]tates are required to review intrastate tariffs for payphone services consistent with federal guidelines." Id., at paragraph 23. "The Commission retains jurisdiction under section 276 to ensure that all requirements of that statutory provision and the Payphone Reclassification Proceeding, including the intrastate tariffing of services, have been met." Id., at footnote 60. "The Common Carrier Bureau has emphasized that the Commission retains jurisdiction under Section 276 to ensure that all requirements of section 276 and the Payphone Reclassification Proceeding are met." In the Matter of Wisconsin Public Service Commission, CCB Docket 00-1, DA 00-347 (Com. Car. Bur. rele March 2, 2000) ("The Wisconsin Order"), paragraph 2. "The Commission stated it would initially rely on state commissions to ensure that the rates, terms, and conditions applicable to the provision of basic payphone lines comply with the requirements of section 276. Id. In order "to demonstrate compliance with the requirements of section 276 and the Commission's implementing rules," the Common Carrier Bureau directed the four largest LECs in Wisconsin to file documentation of the "direct costs" of payphone service "determined by the use of an appropriate forward-looking, economic cost methodology that is consistent with the principles the Commission set forth in the Local Competition First Report and Order." Id., at paragraphs 5 and 9. "Overhead allocations must be based on cost [W]e expect incumbent LECs to explain any overhead allocations for their payphone services that represent a significant departure from overhead allocations approved for UNE services." Id., at paragraph 11.

A. As I explained in my rebuttal testimony, BellSouth developed the cost of the elements of PTAS and Smartline² service by utilizing the TELRIC Calculator. This model, which has previously been presented to, and reviewed by, the Staff and Directors, calculates direct, shared, and common costs on a forward-looking basis. Before running the model in order to develop the costs presented in this proceeding, however, BellSouth disabled the portion of the model that calculates what purports to be the forward-looking efficient level shared and common (collectively "overhead") costs. This action appears to have been taken in order to support the stated BellSouth view that "there is no maximum markup above direct costs applicable when developing cost based rates."³

In its supplemental response, BellSouth provided the instructions for restoring the shared and common cost capabilities to the TELRIC Calculator as filed with the testimony of Ms. Caldwell on September 15, 2000. I have followed these instructions and used the BellSouth model to calculate the total direct, shared and common (e.g. direct plus reasonable overhead) costs for BellSouth's PTAS service. When running the model for this purpose, I made no other changes to the inputs or calculations.

Q. WHAT ARE THE RESULTS OF YOUR ANALYSIS?

² Because TPOA members purchase PTAS service, my analysis has focused on this service. The approach described in my testimony can and should be utilized to development cost-based rates for Smartline service.

³ The presentation of shared and common costs – produced by BellSouth's own cost model and therefore presumably what BellSouth believes to be reasonable – would have directly contradicted such a view and put BellSouth's cost witness in a indefensible position. It is apparently for this reason that BellSouth elected to remove certain capabilities

A. The results produced by the restored BellSouth cost model are as follows:⁴

PTAS Service	Monthly Cost
PTAS Loop	12.10
Non-traffic Sensitive PTAS Line Termination	1.74
Monthly Usage Cost	2.28
PTAS Central Office Blocking and Screening	0.18
Product Support	0.33
Total PTAS Monthly Cost	16.63

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Q. WHAT DO THESE COSTS REPRESENT?

4 These costs represent the total costs (direct plus reasonable overhead) incurred by A. 5 BellSouth to provide PTAS service, and represent the maximum level for a rate⁵ that is 6 (1) properly characterized as cost-based, and (2) compliant with the FCC's new services 7 test. As I described in my rebuttal testimony, I believe that that the loop costs produced 8 by this method are overstated (because they include residence line characteristics), and 9 the product support costs are overstated (because they include costs associated with 10 activities that BellSouth is no longer performing). As a result, these costs are likely to be 11 overstated and should be considered conservatively high.

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Q. IN ITS SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSE, BELLSOUTH INCLUDES A DISCLAIMËR

from its TELRIC Calculator and to report only direct costs.

⁴ The workpapers produced by the TELRIC Calculator that support these costs are attached as Exhibit DJW- .

⁵ For the reasons explained in my direct and rebuttal testimony, such a rate should be inclusive of the SLC and PICC, or alternatively the intrastate rate should be established at a level of the total cost minus these interstate charges (in

FOR COSTS CALCULATED UTILIZING THE RESTORED TELRIC

A.

CALCULATOR. IS THIS DISCLAIMER ACCURATE OR NECESSARY?

No. BellSouth argues that the shared and common costs calculated by its model should not be used, because they fail to include "retail" related costs. This should not be a concern for two reasons. First, TPOA members are likely to cause costs similar to the costs cased by CLECs: they both purchase services, in bulk, from a single-source provider. Second, BellSouth has include, as a separate line item, all of the "product management, sales support, and cost development" costs associated with PTAS. It is difficult to imagine what other "retail" costs would need to be added. As a result, if BellSouth were to develop a separate calculation of shared and common costs and also add in the "product support" costs that it has developed, it would clearly be double counting. The inclusion of the "product support" costs renders the "retail" cost concern moot.

Second, BellSouth argues that the inclusion of shared and common costs somehow transforms a TSLRIC study into a TELRIC study. This argument is difficult to grasp, especially since the FCC – at the time it announced the TELRIC methodology, described it as equivalent to TSLRIC.⁷ In fact, the two methodologies are identical; the only difference is the cost object being studied (TSLRIC studies address services,

which case these interstate charges would be separately assessed, as they are today).

⁶ Direct Testimony of D. Daonne Caldwell, p. 8.

⁷ This argument is made even more elusive by the fact that BellSouth utilized its TELRIC Calculator (without

TELRIC studies address elements). Both calculate direct costs, to which a forward-1 2 looking measure of shared and common (e.g. overhead) costs may or may not be added, depending on the task at hand. When calculating a price floor, only direct costs would be 3 4 considered. When calculated rates for services or network elements that are cost-based, it 5 is necessary to add a forward-looking, efficient measure of shared and common costs. 6 There is nothing about the way that I have utilized the restored TELRIC Calculator that 7 violates these principles. 8 9 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR SUPPLEMENTAL REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?

modification to any of the cost algorithms) to calculate what it describes as TSLRIC costs.

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A.

Yes.

Tennessee A.1.10 - 2-Wire Analog Voice Grade Loop - PTAS

\$0.0000			\$12.1038			Monthly Economic Cost
1.0578	"×		1.0578	×		Common Cost Factor
\$0.0000			\$11.4420	1		Cost (including Gross Receipts Tax)
1.0030	×		1.0030	×		Gross Receipts Tax Factor
\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$11.4075	\$1.1573	\$10.2502	Total Monthly Cost
\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.2183	\$0.0000	\$0.2183	Network Computer Support Additive
\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.1301	\$0.0000	\$0.1301	NTW - Total Monthly Cost Per Access Line
\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.0000	\$0.2061	\$0.0000	\$0.2061	Subscriber Line Testing
						Other Expenses
\$0.0000			\$10.8530	\$1.1573	\$9.6957	Recurring Cost Devel. Sheets Cols L, N, & O
TELRIC	Cost	Cost	TELRIC	Cost	Cost	I
	Shared	Direct		Shared	Direct	
	Volume Insensitive	K		Volume Sensitive		10/14/00

Total Monthly Economic Cost: \$12.1038

Tennessee
S.1.1 - PTAS NTS Line Termination

Recurring Cost Devel. Sheets Cols L, N, & O Total Monthly Cost Gross Receipts Tax Factor Cost (including Gross Receipts Tax) Common Cost Factor Monthly Economic Cost	10/14/00 Yoh
\$hared Cost \$0.1530	Yolume Sensitive
TELRIC \$1.6412 \$1.6412 1.0030 \$1.6462 1.0578 \$1.7414	
Cost \$0.0000	K
Shared Cost \$0.0000 ×	olume Insensitive
TELRIC \$0.0000 \$0.0000 1.0030 \$0.0000 1.0578 \$0.0000	

Total Monthly Economic Cost: \$1.7414

Tennessee S.1.2 - PTAS Central Office Blocking and Screening

\$0.1116 1.0030 \$0.1119 1.0578 \$0.1184	\$0.0000 × × =	\$0.1116	\$0.0572 X 1.0030 \$0.0573 X 1.0578 \$0.0607	\$0.0034	\$0.0538	Total Monthly Cost Gross Receipts Tax Factor Cost (including Gross Receipts Tax) Common Cost Factor Monthly Economic Cost
\$0.0550 \$0.0566 \$0.0000	\$0.0000 \$0.0000	\$0.0550 \$0.0566 \$0.0000	\$0.0000 \$0.0000 \$0.0205	\$0.0000 \$0.0000 \$0.0000	\$0.0000 \$0.0000 \$0.0205	Labor Expenses Switch & Trunk Based Translations CO Install & Mtce Field - Switch Eq Recent Chng Line Trans (RCMAG)
TELRIC \$0.0000	Shared Cost	Direct Cost	TELRIC \$0.0367	Shared Cost \$0.0034	Direct Cost \$0.0332	Recurring Cost Devel. Sheets Cols L, N, & O
	Volume Insensitive	K		Volume Sensitive		10/14/00

Total Monthly Economic Cost: \$0.1791

Tennessee S.1.3 - Product support

Labor Expenses. Product Support Product Support Product Support Product Support Product Support Product Support Total Monthly Cost Gross Receipts Tax Factor Cost (including Gross Receipts Tax) Common Cost Factor Monthly Economic Cost	10/14/00
## Cost ## Cos	
\$hared Cost \$0.0000 \$0.0000 \$0.0000 \$0.0000 \$0.0000 \$0.0000 \$0.0000 X	Volume Sensitive
\$0.0000 \$0.0000 \$0.0000 \$0.0000 \$0.0000 \$0.0000 1.0030 \$0.0000 1.0578 \$0.0000	
## Cost Cost \$0.0825 \$0.1840 \$0.0034 \$0.0078 \$0.3082 \$0.3082	¥
\$hared Cost \$0.0000 \$0	Volume Insensitive
\$0.0825 \$0.0825 \$0.1840 \$0.0004 \$0.0078 \$0.3082 1.0030 \$0.3092 1.0578 \$0.3270	

Total Monthly Economic Cost: \$0.3270

Tennessee C.1.1 - End Office Switching Function, Per MOU

Recurring Cost Devel. Sheets Cols L, N, & O Total Cost Gross Receipts Tax Factor Cost (including Gross Receipts Tax) Common Cost Factor Economic Cost	10/14/00
Cost \$0.0020068 \$0.0020068	
\$0.0002206 \$0.0002206 \$0.0002206 X	Volume Sensitive
TELRIC \$0.0022274 \$0.0022274 1.0030 \$0.0022341 1.0578 \$0.0023633	
Direct Cost \$0.0001390 \$0.0001390	L
\$0.0000000 × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	Volume Insensitive
TELRIC \$0.0001390 \$0.0001390 1.0030 \$0.0001395 1.0578 \$0.0001475	

Tennessee
C.1.2 - End Office Interoffice Trunk Port - Shared, Per MOU

	Recurring Cost Devel. Sheets Cols L, N, & O Total Cost Gross Receipts Tax Factor Cost (including Gross Receipts Tax) Common Cost Factor Economic Cost	10/14/00
	Direct Cost \$0.0003093 \$0.0003093	
	\$0.0000340 \$0.0000340 \$0.0000340	Volume Sensitiye
Total Economic Cost : \$0 0003870	\$0.0003433 \$0.0003433 \$0.0003433 (1.0030 \$0.0003443 (1.0578 \$0.0003642	
054 · \$0 0003870	Direct Cost \$0.0000214 \$0.0000214	
	\$0.0000000 ×	Volume Insensitive
	TELRIC \$0.0000214 \$0.0000214 1.0030 \$0.0000215 1.0578 \$0.0000227	

Tennessee
C.2.1 - Tandem Switching Function Per MOU

Recurring Cost Devel. Sheets Cols L, N, & O = Total Cost Gross Receipts Tax Factor Cost (including Gross Receipts Tax) Common Cost Factor Economic Cost	10/14/00
### Cost \$0.0000057 ### \$0.0000057	
\$0.000006 \$0.000006 \$0.000006 X	Volume Sensitive
TELRIC \$0.000063 \$0.000063 1.0030 \$0.000063 1.0578 \$0.000067	
\$0.0000004	-
\$0.0000000 ×	/olume Insensitive
TELRIC \$0.0000004 \$0.0000004 1.0030 \$0.0000004 1.0578 \$0.0000004	

Tennessee C.2.2 - Tandem Interoffice Trunk Port - Shared, Per MOU

Recurring Cost Devel. Sheets Cols L, N, & O = Total Cost Gross Receipts Tax Factor Cost (including Gross Receipts Tax) Common Cost Factor Economic Cost	10/14/00
Direct Cost \$0.0000357 \$0.0000357	
\$0.0000039 \$0.0000039 X	Volume Sensitive
TELRIC \$0.0000396 \$0.0000396 1.0030 \$0.0000398 1.0578 \$0.0000421	
\$0.000025	
\$0.0000000 ×	Volume Insensitive
\$0.000025 \$0.000025 \$0.000025 1.0030 \$0.000025 1.0578	

Tennessee D.1.1 - Common Transport - Per MOU

Recurring Cost Devel. Sheets Cols L, N, & O Total Cost Gross Receipts Tax Factor Cost (including Gross Receipts Tax) Common Cost Factor Economic Cost	10/14/00
\$0.0000509	
\$0.0000031 \$0.0000031 \$0.0000031 X X	Volume Sensitive
\$0.000540 \$0.000540 \$0.000540 1.0030 \$0.000542 1.0578 \$0.0000573	
\$0.000086	.
\$0.0000008 \$0.0000008 \$0.0000008 *-	Volume Insensitive
\$0.000093 \$0.000093 \$0.000093 1.0030 \$0.000094 1.0578 \$0.0000099	

Tennessee
D.1.2 - Common Transport - Facilities Termination Per MOU

	Recurring Cost Devel. Sheets Cols L, N, & O Total Cost Gross Receipts Tax Factor Cost (including Gross Receipts Tax) Common Cost Factor Economic Cost	10/14/00
	©ost \$0.0001848 \$0.0001848	
	\$0.0000190 \$0.0000190 \$0.0000190 X	Volume Sensitive
Total Economic Cost : \$0 0002163	TELRIC \$0.0002038 \$0.0002038 1.0030 \$0.0002045 1.0578 \$0.0002163	
Ost - \$0 0000163	Direct	
	\$0.0000000 ×	Volume Insensitive
	\$0.0000000 \$0.0000000 1.0030 \$0.0000000 1.0578	

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on October 20, 2000, a copy of the foregoing document was served on the parties of record, via U.S. Mail, addressed as follows:

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